Find the common ratio for each geometric sequence.

1) 5, 10, 20, 40, ...

2) 45, 15, 5,  $\frac{5}{3}$ , ...

r = \_\_\_\_\_

r = \_\_\_\_\_

3) 0.2, -1, 5, -25, ...

4) 64, -32, 16, -8, ...

**r** =

*r* = \_\_\_\_\_

Find the common ratio. Then, multiply the common ratio to get the next 3 terms for each geometric sequence.

5) 3, 9, 27, 81, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, ....

r = \_\_\_\_\_

6) 5, -10, 20, -40, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, ....

*r* = \_\_\_\_\_

7) 156.25, 31.25, 6.25, 1.25, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, ....

r = \_\_\_\_\_

8) 0.1, 0.4, 1.6, 6.4, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, ....

*r* = \_\_\_\_\_

Determine whether the given sequence is arithmetic, geometric, or neither. For arithmetic or geometric sequences, determine the next  $3\ \rm terms$ .

9) 4, 8, 12, 16, 10) 1.1, 1.12, 1.123, 1.1234,

11) 5, -20, 80, -320, 12) 2, 4, 7, 11,