

## Algebra 1: 3.3 Homework - Day 1

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

## Literal Equations

Convert between degrees Fahrenheit and degrees Celsius using the literal equation given. Round to the nearest 100<sup>th</sup>.

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

1.  $72^{\circ}\text{F}$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(72 - 32)$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(-40)$$

$$C \approx 22.22^{\circ}\text{C}$$

2.  $-11^{\circ}\text{F}$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(-11 - 32)$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(-43)$$

$$C \approx -23.89^{\circ}\text{C}$$

From the notes (pg 189)

3.  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

$$F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$$

4.  $-3.4^{\circ}\text{C}$

$$F = \frac{9}{5}(25) + 32$$

See page 189

$$F = \frac{9}{5}(-3.4) + 32$$

$$F = 45 + 32$$

$$F = -6.12 + 32$$

$$F = 77^{\circ}\text{F}$$

$$F = 25.88^{\circ}\text{F}$$

Convert each equation from standard form ( $Ax + By = C$ ) to slope-intercept form ( $y = mx + b$ ). Then, identify the slope (m), y-intercept (b), and x-intercept.

5.  $4x + 6y = 48$   
slope =  $-\frac{2}{3}$

y-int =  $(0, 8)$

x-int =  $(12, 0)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 6y = 48 \\ -4x \hline 6y = -4x + 48 \\ 6y = \frac{-4x + 48}{6} \\ y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 8 \end{array}$$

$4x + 6y = 48$

$y = 0$

$4x + 6(0) = 48$

$4x = 48$

$x = 12$

6.  $3x - 5y = 25$   
slope =  $\frac{3}{5}$

y-int =  $(0, -5)$

x-int =  $(\frac{25}{3}, 0)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - 5y = 25 \\ -3x \hline -5y = -3x + 25 \\ -5 \quad -5 \quad -5 \\ y = \frac{3}{5}x - 5 \end{array}$$

$3x - 5y = 25$

$y = 0$

$3x - 5(0) = 25$

$3x = 25$

$x = \frac{25}{3}$

7.  $-x - 8y = 96$   
slope =  $-\frac{1}{8}$

y-int =  $(0, -12)$

x-int =  $(-96, 0)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -x - 8y = 96 \\ +x \hline -8y = x + 96 \\ -8 \quad -8 \quad -8 \\ y = -\frac{1}{8}x - 12 \end{array}$$

$-x - 8y = 96$

$-x - 8(0) = 96$

$-x = 96$

$x = -96$

Convert each equation from slope-intercept form ( $y = mx + b$ ) to standard form ( $Ax + By = C$ ).

Then, identify the slope (m), y-intercept (b), and x-intercept. Don't forget to clear the fractions!

8.  $y = 5x + 8$   
slope =  $5$   
y-int =  $(0, 8)$   
x-int =  $(-\frac{8}{5}, 0)$

$$\begin{array}{r} y = 5x + 8 \\ -5x \hline -5x \end{array}$$

$-5x + y = 8$

$y = 0$

$-5x + 0 = 8$

$-5x = 8$

$x = -\frac{8}{5}$

9.  $y = -4x + 2$   
slope =  $-4$   
y-int =  $(0, 2)$   
x-int =  $(\frac{1}{2}, 0)$

$$\begin{array}{r} y = -4x + 2 \\ +4x \hline 4x + y = 2 \end{array}$$

$4x + 0 = 2$

$4x = 2$

$x = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$

10.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 3$   
slope =  $-\frac{1}{2}$   
y-int =  $(0, -3)$   
x-int =  $(-6, 0)$

$$\left[ y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 3 \right] \times 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2y = -1x - 6 \\ +1x \hline 1x + 2y = -6 \end{array}$$

$1x + 2y = -6$

or

$x + 2y = -6$

$y = 0$

$x + 2(0) = -6$

$x = -6$